THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1799. [No. 1947.]

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Newport, July 29, 1799.

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JOHN PUTNAM, alias TRASK, a notorious Villain, lately taken from Providence Gaol; he is 32 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, light Complexion and Sandy Hair, originally from Windsor, Vermont.

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For each of the above, a Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be given, and all necessary Charges paid.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, *Esquire, Commander of the United States Ship General Greene.*

JOSHUA BLAKE.

Tuesday Morning, 30th July, 1799.

☞ *The Printers throughout this State, are desired to publish the above.*

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

July 26, 1799.

THE Creditors of Jonathan Lillibridge, of Newport, in the County of Newport, Labourer, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall think fit, at the General Assembly of said State, next to be holden at South-Kingstown, in the County of Washington, on the last Monday of October next, then and there to shew Cause (if any they may have) why the Prayer of his Petition for the Benefit of an Act for the Relief of insolvent Debtors, passed at June Session, 1756, ought not to be granted.

By Order,

WILLIAM V. KING, *Dep. Sec'ry.*

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Respectfully informs his old Customers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Messrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has

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He also continues his BAKING BUSINESS as usual, on Capt. Caleb Gardner's Wharf—where any Merchant or Captain of Vessel may be supplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the shortest Notice.

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Extract from an Act enabling the Town-Councils of each Town in this State to grant Licenses for retailing strong Liquors, and to prevent the selling of the same without License, and against the keeping up of Signs at unlicensed Houses.

"*BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is enacted,* That the Town-Councils of the respective towns in this State shall have the power of granting licenses for keeping taverns and ale-houses, and retailing wines or strong liquors within their several towns, and shall take for each license granted discretionally, not exceeding twenty dollars, nor less than four dollars, which money shall be paid into the town-treasury where such license is granted, for defraying the charges of the town.

"*And be it further enacted,* That if any person or persons shall sell, or suffer to be sold, in their Dwelling-houses or possessions, by their wives, children or servants, or other persons whomsoever, any rum, wine, or strong liquors whatsoever, by retail, in any less quantity than a gallon, without license first had and obtained from the Town-Council, and be thereof convicted, either by his, her or their confession, or by the testimony of one or more credible witness or witnesses, on oath or affirmation, before any two Justices of the Peace or Wardens, in any town where such offence shall be committed, he, she or they shall forfeit and pay as a fine the sum of twenty dollars, one half thereof to him who shall inform and sue for the same, and the other half to and for the use of the town where such offence shall be committed."

Published per Order,

JONATHAN ALMY, *Council-Clerk.*

TO BE SOLD,

THE FERRY on Easton's Point (commonly called the Point-Ferry) and the Ferry answering to it on Conannicut; together with the two Boats, the Wharves, Stores, Buildings, and Land belonging to them. At the Point-Ferry, there are two Wharves, with a Range of Stores on each of them, and a Ferry-House, with a Garden belonging to it:—Also, a large House-Lot, adjoining the Wanton-Estate, having a Front of 99 Feet, and being about 115 Feet in Depth.——On the Conannicut Side, besides the Wharf, there is a large convenient Ferry-House lately built, and in perfect Repair, with Five Acres of good Land belonging to it. The above Property will be sold upon reasonable Terms, by

CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

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At the Sign of the EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

FOR SALE,

BEST English GUNPOWDER, COARSE and FINE, per Hundred or less Quantity, by

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,

LEATHER-DRESSER and GLOVER,

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he has removed from his Shop, in Tanner-street, to that formerly occupied by Mr. Aaariah Allbro. in Broad-street, at the Sign of the Buck and Gloves; where he continues to carry on the Leather-Dressing Business, in its various Branches.

He has constantly for Sale, Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of different Qualities, by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Deer-Skins; white Calf and Lamb-Skins, for welting; Wash-Leather, for Breeches Linings; Hat and Spinning Wool, of different Qualities, &c. &c.

EXTRACT FROM PRESIDENT MAXCY's ORATION.

"LET us for a moment contemplate the magical, wonder-working word—"*Equality.*" This, in the French cavalcade of death, is harnassed up behind Liberty. That fair goddess is with reluctance dragged into the train, and thurst forward, that her charms may introduce the infernal procession which troops behind her. The revolutionary demagogues of our country talk much of equality. They assure us, in their indefinite, unqualified language, that all men are equal. To ascertain whether this assertion is true, we must recur to fact and experience. Nature, so far from having made all men equal, has made them very unequal. All men have not the same strength and activity of body—all have not the same endowments and energies of mind. These are facts which speak in a language too plain not to be understood. Nature no where yokes up a dwarf with a giant, or a Newton with an ape. Amidst her mighty profusion of endowments, we discover an instinctive wisdom, fitting the numerous parts of this stupendous whole to their several places; ranging them by orders, differences and contrasts, so as to constitute one perfect system, whose parts are never all young, nor old, nor equal, but supported in a beautiful diversity through a perpetually dying and reviving universe."

"The cry of our levelling democrats is, "Respect the majesty of the people."—Where are we to look for the majesty of the people, except in the persons exalted to office by the suffrages of the people? These are the characters, whose public administration are to shew, whether the people have any majesty. The phrase "majesty of the people," in its modern acceptation, brings into view such an indefinite object, made of every gradation of character, from wisdom to folly, from virtue to vice, from aspiring ambition to brutal stupidity; that it serves only to perplex the mind, by rendering its views vast and irregular. We hope the American angle of vision is not sufficiently large, to take in that indescribable farrago of majesty, with which our modern levellers are so much enamoured. We hope we have still judgment enough to distinguish merit, and gratitude enough to reward it. We are willing that the laws of nature, and the principles of civil association, should still be followed. We have not yet lost all regard for ancient institutions and ancient wisdom. We respect our magistrates; we esteem and protect the ministers of our holy religion; we embrace as our brethren all our worthy fellow-citizens; we form our political system after the great primeval model which descends from the source of infinite wisdom; which combines, into one harmonious whole, principalities and powers, and exhibits in one vast and brilliant assemblage, millions of different dignities, without envy, and without revolution.——Peace, and order, and rational liberty; these are the objects to which we are invincibly attached. If once illumined by the transforming doctrine of Equality, we shall see the whole establishment of nature reversed.——Walking on enchanted ground, we shall see vales usurping the place of mountains; rivers whirling back to their sources; and skies falling to embrace the earth.—We shall see huge whales sporting on the Andes; and clumsy bears flouncing in the Pacific. The planets, in their courses, will utter censure at their Maker; and the moon will repine, at the splendour of the sun.——When we are transformed into complete levellers, we can overleap, at one bound, all the mighty differences, established by infinite wisdom;—and, without a seeming disgust, at the junction of eternally jarring principles, shall congratulate ourselves, that we have escaped the drudgery of human prudence, and emerged into a region of perfect day."

LONDON, May 23.

A paper of this morning says, "On Wednesday last his highness Monsieur, late Compte d'Artois, who has resided for some years in Holyrood house, Edinburgh, gave notice to the Captain of his guard that he meant in two hours to set out on a journey and desired that a travelling trunk might be got ready for him. Accordingly in the evening of the same day he set out with great secrecy, accompanied only by this officer, and it is totally unknown where he is gone. The Baron de Rolle a Swiss gentleman, had been with his highness for some time, and set out from Holliroood house with the same secrecy a day or two before the prince. This circumstance has made a great sensation on the emigrants, in London, who flatter themselves that Monsieur has been sent for by the Ministers, and that things are now ripe enough to erect the Royal standard and to form a rallying point on the continent for the friends of the exiled family of France.

The Count d'Artois arrived on Friday in London, from Holyrood house, and had a private interview, accompanied by Lord Grenville, with his Majesty, at Buckingham house.

This gentleman, who it is said is going to the Continent, travels incog. assuming the title of Baron Rolle.

Two new ships of the line of 74 guns each, and a frigate, are fitting for sea, at Brest with great expedition.

A letter from the bishopric of Munster, dated May 6, and published in a ministerial paper, says, "The 12th current, an army of Prussians, to consist of from 25 to 30,000 men, is to assemble in a camp, which has been marked off for it, near Minden.—The 30th and 31st of this month, and the 1st and 2d of the next, they are to be reviewed by the King. Many and various are the conjectures as to this assemblage, which is to be composed wholly of corps separate and distinct from those which constitute the line of demarcation. What shall happen after that review, time must shew."

DUBLIN, May 31.

With pleasure we have it in our power to declare, that internal peace, order and submission to the laws, is so far re-established among us, that permanent duty will on this day, by order of Government, cease with the Yeomanry corps throughout the kingdom.

June 1.

This day, his Excellency went in state to the House of Peers, and gave the Royal Assent to a number of bills.

After which his Excellency delivered a Speech from the Throne, and prorogued both Houses to the 16th July next.

The Speech, after congratulating the Parliament on the suppression of rebellion, &c. continues to observe on the improved state of affairs on the Continent—the successes of the Austrian arms—thanks the Commons for the large and extraordinary supply voted for the exigency of the State, &c. &c.—His Excellency signifies, that agreeable to his Majesty's commands he has to say, that a joint address to both Houses of the British Parliament has been laid before his Majesty, accompanied by Resolutions proposing and recommending a Union between Great-Britain and Ireland—and looks forward with anxious hope to the final completion of that measure.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the Trio, arrived at New-York, from Liverpool.

LONDON, June 7.

It is reported that one of the Brest fleet, Le Censeur, of 74 guns, foundered, and that only 24 of her crew got into Toulon.

From the London Gazette Extraordinary. Thursday, June 6.

Downing-street, June 6, 1799.

Despatches, of which the following are extracts, have been received from Sir Morton Eden, K. B. and Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Crawford, by the Right Hon. Lord Grenville, his Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the foreign department.

Extract of a letter from Sir Morton Eden, K. B. dated Vienna, May 23.

"I have the honour of inclosing three Extraordinary Gazettes of this place, with the translation, together with the translation of an article in the ordinary Gazette of yesterday; and sincerely congratulate your Lordship on the happy turn of affairs in the Grisons and the Little Cantons, which must contribute so essentially to the further success of the campaign in Italy, and to greatly facilitate the operations of the Russian army, which entered this country on the 15th inst. and of that under the command of the Archduke Charles.

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Captain Vimmer, of the regiment of Lubkowitz cavalry, arrived here yesterday

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VIENNA, May 18.

Captain Vimmer, of the regiment of Lubkowitz cavalry, arrived here yesterday

...om Field-Marshal Suwarrow, with the following account of his further operations:

As every account agreed that the enemy had only a small garrison in Tortona, Field-Marshal Suwarrow ordered Prince Pangrazion, who was at Pavia, to cross the Po without delay with the advance guard, consisting of a regiment of chasseurs, two battalions of granadiers, two battalions of infantry, and two regiments of cossacs, under the command of General Grekow.

They passed the river near Corvesino, in barges and flat-bottomed boats, and pushed forward to Voghera. On reconnoitring, it was discovered that the enemy had strengthened the garrison of Tortona. In consequence of which, General Karaiczay received orders to join the Prince, who crossed the river with two battalions of the regiment of Frolick, two squadrons of Lobkowitzs' dragoons, and two of Karaiczay's, which passed the Scrivan near Castle-Nuovo, and formed near Torre di Garrofole, between Tortona and Alexandria.

But the following day, having learned that Moreau was posted near Alexandria, on the banks of the river, with the two divisions of Victor and Grenier, and whatever force he had been able to collect from Turin and other places, the Field-Marshal resolved to march with his whole army against Tortona.

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He was placed as a Centinel over two Deserters, whom he not only permitted to escape, but was faithless enough to accompany. He received his sentence, without any apparent emotion. Not a feature, nor a muscle of his countenance altered. His apathy, in some measure, continued till a few hours before his execution. A secret hope of reprieve, which he abandoned only when it was impossible to retain it any longer, contributed to weaken the impression which his circumstances ought to have made on his mind. Yesterday morning, however, his sensibility appeared alive, and his heart tender. Without any disposition to criminate either the rigour of the law, or its application to himself, he acknowledged the justice of his fate. To the intemperate use of liquor, and the seduction of evil company, he attributed that want of principle, which betrayed him into the sacrifice of his duty, and the shame of his untimely end.—Of this he requested his fellow-soldiers to be informed, and to be warned as from his mouth, by his example, against those vices which wrought his ruin.

With affecting impressions of his situation; with trembling apprehensions of the world to come; with endeavours, according to every symptom, as far as his narrow views of eternal realities would permit, to adventure upon the divine mercies, in the Lord Jesus Christ; without any comfort, but not altogether without hope, did he go to appear before God.—The scene was awful—the utmost propriety and decorum marked every part of the procedure.—The troops, drawn up in a hollow square, were forcibly struck: The humane emotions of the officers honored themselves, and added to the interest of the exhibition.

The deportment of the prisoner, was decent and composed. Immediately before his execution, he was commended, by prayer, to the forgiveness and grace of God.—Every thing was extremely solemn.

May the affecting example, prevent the necessity of its repetition.

July 29.

IMPORTANT.

By the Adonis we learn, that the French took possession of Leghorn on the 24th of March. When she sailed, it was daily expected Leghorn would fall into the hands of the Austrians. On the 6th of June the Adonis was at Malaga, where information had just been received, that Leghorn had been actually taken by the Austrians.

MURDER!

The armed schooner Nautilus, Captain Robert Dixon, of this port, bound to Curracoa, was captured by a French privateer within the limits of that Island, after a severe engagement of an hour and a half. The privateersmen, after boarding inhumanly murdered Capt. Dixon, the first and second mates, and two seamen, and desperately wounded four more. She was carried into Curracoa, and on being demanded, the Governor of that island refused to deliver up vessel and cargo.

WALPOLE, (*N. H.*) July 22.

In no one year since our natal day as an independent nation, has any anniversary of that event been so generally noticed as the last. From St. Croix to St. Mary's has

rom Field-Marshal Suwarrow, with the following account of his further operations:

As every account agreed that the enemy had only a small garrison in Tortona, Field-Marshal Suwarrow ordered Prince Pangrazion, who was at Pavia, to cross the Po without delay with the advance guard, consisting of a regiment of chasseurs, two battalions of granadiers, two battalions of infantry, and two regiments of cossacs, under the command of General Grekow.

They passed the river near Corvesino, in barges and flat-bottomed boats, and pushed forward to Voghera. On reconnoitring, it was discovered that the enemy had strengthened the garrison of Tortona. In consequence of which, General Karaiczay received orders to join the Prince, who crossed the river with two battalions of the regiment of Frolick, two squadrons of Lobkowitzs' dragoons, and two of Karaiczay's, which passed the Scrivan near Castle-Nuovo, and formed near Torre di Garrofole, between Tortona and Alexandria.

But the following day, having learned that Moreau was posted near Alexandria, on the banks of the river, with the two divisions of Victor and Grenier, and whatever force he had been able to collect from Turin and other places, the Field-Marshal resolved to march with his whole army against Tortona.

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July 24.

Yesterday morning, pursuant to a sentence of Court-martial, JOSEPH PERKINS, a private in the first Regiment of Artillerists and Engineers, was shot for desertion.——The repeated pardons which the President has extended to this offence, in the army of the United States, evince his extreme reluctance to inforce the severities of martial law, without the most preremptory and imperious necessity.—That necessity was created not only from the frequency of the crime, which seemed to gather boldness from lenity, and to require terrible examples for its suppression; but from its atrocity in the unhappy man who has expiated it with his life.

He was placed as a Centinel over two Deserters, whom he not only permitted to escape, but was faithless enough to accompany. He received his sentence, without any apparent emotion. Not a feature, nor a muscle of his countenance altered. His apathy, in some measure, continued till a few hours before his execution. A secret hope of reprieve, which he abandoned only when it was impossible to retain it any longer, contributed to weaken the impression which his circumstances ought to have made on his mind. Yesterday morning, however, his sensibility appeared alive, and his heart tender. Without any disposition to criminate either the rigour of the law, or its application to himself, he acknowledged the justice of his fate. To the intemperate use of liquor, and the seduction of evil company, he attributed that want of principle, which betrayed him into the sacrifice of his duty, and the shame of his untimely end.—Of this he requested his fellow-soldiers to be informed, and to be warned as from his mouth, by his example, against those vices which wrought his ruin.

With affecting impressions of his situation; with trembling apprehensions of the world to come; with endeavours, according to every symptom, as far as his narrow views of eternal realities would permit, to adventure upon the divine mercies, in the Lord Jesus Christ; without any comfort, but not altogether without hope, did he go to appear before God.——The scene was awful—the utmost propriety and decorum marked every part of the procedure.—The troops, drawn up in a hollow square, were forcibly struck: The humane emotions of the officers honored themselves, and added to the interest of the exhibition.

The deportment of the prisoner, was decent and composed. Immediately before his execution, he was commended, by prayer, to the forgiveness and grace of God.—Every thing was extremely solemn.

May the affecting example, prevent the necessity of its repetition.

July 29.

IMPORTANT.

By the Adonis we learn, that the French took possession of Leghorn on the 24th of March. When she sailed, it was daily expected Leghorn would fall into the hands of the Austrians. On the 6th of June the Adonis was at Malaga, where information had just been received, that Leghorn had been actually taken by the Austrians.

MURDER!

The armed schooner Nautilus, Captain Robert Dixon, of this port, bound to Curracoa, was captured by a French privateer within the limits of that Island, after a severe engagement of an hour and a half. The privateersmen, after boarding inhumanly murdered Capt. Dixon, the first and second mates, and two seamen, and desperately wounded four more. She was carried into Curracoa, and on being demanded, the Governor of that island refused to deliver up vessel and cargo.

WALPOLE, (*N. H.*) July 22.

In no one year since our natal day as an independent nation, has any anniversary of that event been so generally noticed as the last. From St. Croix to St. Mary's has

exhibited one general glow of feſtive rite. The occaſion, as uſual, has pro-ced a perfect inundation of toaſts from parts of the Union.

From the Farmer's Weekly Museum.

"In penance for paſt folly," I condemn- myſelf this evening, to a pint of water uel, without ſalt; and the peruſal of two uroras, one *Bee*, and the ſupplement of *Argus*—an admirable help to a doſe of ee's pills. The complaining periods of eſe miſerable, envious columns; the ma-nant pleaſure their editors diſplay, in tecting and expoſing any ſuppoſed error our excellent conſtitution and admini-ation of government, and the fiend-like y they conſtantly evince, in the ſucceſs of e enemies, or the diſcomforture of the ends of our dear country, remind me of e title of a book publiſhed by John Bun-n, entitled—"Joy from Hell, or the joicings of the Damned Souls."

SALEM, Auguſt 2.

COMMUNICATION.

om a Gentleman of Information lately returned from the Continent of Europe.

Having in the former campaigns of this r ſeen the French arms attended with al-oſt invariable ſucceſs, many people were oniſhed to find the preſent open with ſuch glorious reverſe. But the French are ex-uſted of ſome of the means with which ey formerly obtained their victories. That thuſiaſm with which the people were in-red in the purſuit of a phantom they call-liberty, and which enabled them to op-ſe the ſteady valour of the Auſtrians with uble numbers, is no more; that deluſive arm with which they formerly diſarmed e countries they attacked, is now diſſolved and the plunder with which they have en enabled to pay their numerous armies, s failed them. The conſcription recruits e raiſed only at the point of the bayonet, d the Directory and Councils are baffled their attempts to raiſe taxes ſufficient to pport the war.——On the other hand, the ople of Germany are exaſperated againſt e French by the injuries they have receiv-—the Archduke Charles has been enabled meet his enemies with equal numbers—s genius pervades the army—inſtead of pending upon the Military Commiſſion of ienna for orders to act (by which means military plans were often betrayed to e enemy before they were communicated the army) his power in the conduct of the ilitary operations is unlimited—he has in-oduced into his army a diſcipline, by hich rank and family will not protect the ward, and by which merit is rewarded in e common ſoldier: he has broke ſeveral icers of the firſt nobility in the em-e; and in one inſtance he promoted a of good character, but low extraction, the courſe of ſix ſucceſſive days fighting th the French, from a Corporal to a Bri-dier-General, for his gallant conduct.—hile he puniſhes cowardice, and rewards lour, he ſets the example of perſonal avery himſelf: He leads his troops to tion—on many occaſions he has diſmount-in the heat of battle, and fought ſword hand at the head of his grenadiers.—e is adored by his army, for his conde-enſion, humanity and bravery; and in an dreſs to them, he has declared that the ſuffering Soldiers, ſhall be conſidered, not machines, but as men—that they ſhall be by their officers, not driven into action, With theſe advantages he has been able, ith equal numbers, to beat the French y after day, leading his men to victory rough ſnow and wet knee deep; by hich expoſure of his perſon, he brought on alarming ſickneſs, which for a time ar-ſted his progreſs, but from which he was fully recovered towards the laſt of May. During the illneſs of the Archduke, and e conſequent inactivity of his army, Su-arrow arrived with his Ruſſians in Italy. His name alone was equal to a hoſt.

The Archduke, after the recovery of his alth, was preparing, as it was ſaid, to oſs the Rhine, and enter France by the rth, while Suwarrow was carrying all efore him in the South; and it was ſaid hat a body of Ruſſians were to approach ain, as ſoon as poſſible, to feel the pulſe f that nation.

With theſe operations, was probably to e combined an attack upon Holland.—The Emperor of Ruſſia, beſides the force which he had already ſent into Italy, had fleet of men of war, and a large body of troops, ready to ſail from Cronſtadt, as ſoon as the obſtructions of the ice were removed. Conjecture had variouſly de-ſigned this force, but with moſt probability againſt Holland, in conjunction with 14,000 troops, which were ready in England for ſome ſecret ſervice. The ſtate of Holland ſeemed to invite ſuch an enterpriſe. That country had become wretched in the ex-treme. The Engliſh, determined to cut off every commercial reſource, have not only blockaded its whole coaſts, but have ſta-tioned gun-boats in the Weſer, Embs and Elbe, to prevent any intercourſe with the Dutch, through thoſe channels; and new-trals from as well as to Holland are taken and made prizes of. Her beautiful and once-buſy cities were deſerted, and the graſs growing rank among the pavements; many of the dykes were ruined, and the country deluged; the artiſans and the fiſhermen were ſtarving; the French were making continual requiſitions on the remaining property of the country; and the people were ready to riſe againſt their tyrants, whenever a powerful foreign force ſhould make a diverſion in their favour. Add to this, the French had been obliged to draw off a great part of their troops from Holland, to reinforce their army on the lower Rhine, and to keep down the inſurrections in Brabant, which, notwithſtanding the preſence of a powerful army, the moſt ſhocking ſeverities were breaking out in one place, as ſoon as they were quelled in another.

The King of Pruſſia, in his extreme jealouſy of the power of Auſtria, had reſiſted all attempts to engage him in the coalition againſt France. The fruitleſs embaſſy of Mr. Grenville to Berlin, it was ſaid, was cloathed with authority to make ſome very alluring offers, even, on certain conditions, the poſſeſſion of the Britiſh King's continental dominions.—Alarmed at the ſucceſs of the combined forces, the King of Pruſſia with the other German Princes in his intereſt, had prepared a force of 200,000 men, either to protect their neutrality, or perhaps to act decidedly againſt the Emperor.—The fierce temper of Paul, and his hoſtility to the character of neutrality, in the preſent conteſt, had excited much anxiety in the neutral ſtates.

France was repreſented to be in a ſtate of fermentation; and it was apprehended that, if the deſtruction of their fleet was to be added to the diſaſters of their armies, a ſtorm would ariſe, that would ſweep the Directory from their throne.——Amidſt all the prepoſterous conduct of the French rulers, they have had the good policy to give uniform encouragement and protection to agriculture, by which means, a continual plenty has exiſted in that country.

The American character was highly reſpected in Europe; but the news of the appointment of Ambaſſadors to France had embarraſſed the public mind, reſpecting the real views of our government: This meaſure had been groſsly miſtaken, accompanied with reports of great diviſions exiſting among the American people.

From the vigorous meaſures which were in operation in Europe, many people tho't they could diſcover, through the preſent gloom, a ſpeedy and general peace.

NEWPORT, Auguſt 6.

The following is a Liſt of the Directory of France, with the Periods of their future Continuance in Office—

Merlin (de Douai)	3 Years from 20th May '99.	
Treilhard,	4	
Sieyes,	5	
Barras,		who are to draw
La Reveilliere Lepaux,		Lots, next Year.

The Two latter are the only remaining Members of the Firſt Directory.

The Charleſton Light-Houſe, was burnt on Sunday, 21ſt inſt. Damage not known.

The Government of Jamaica have authorized the Importation in American Veſſels, till March 1800, of Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, and other ſmall live Stock, all Sorts of Fruit, ſalted and other Proviſions, and Lumber. New and more ſevére Scrutiny is to be exerciſed to prevent the Importation of contraband Goods.

General Maitland, and his Suite, have ſailed from Jamaica, on their Return to England, in the Camilla Sloop of War.

46,625 Barrels of Flour were exported from Philadelphia in the ſix Months ending June 30.

It appears by a Report of the Health Committee of New-York of the 1ſt Inſtant, that *no new Case* of Yellow Fever has occurred in the laſt 48 Hours, and that there were, at that Time, but *Two ſuſpicious Cases* in the Whole.

An Article in a New-York Paper of 2d, alſo aſſerts, that *the Yellow Fever has totally diſappeared.*

On the 17th ult. was celebrated at Cambridge in Maſſachuſetts, the annual commencement of Harved College. The Degrees of *A. B.* was conferred on Forty-three Candidates, and that of *A. M.* on Thirty-two.

The Sick who were landed on Coaſters Harbour Iſland, from the Frigate General Greene, are all recovered, or entirely out of Danger, no Death having occurred ſince the Arrival of the Frigate here.

MARRIED.]—At Providence, on Sunday Evening laſt, *Henry Ward*, Eſq; of Charleſton (S. C.) to Miſs *Mary Grimke*, Siſter of the Hon. Judge Grimke, of South-Carolina.

—In this Town, Mr. *Thomas Simpſon*, to Miſs *Patty Averell*, Daughter of Mr. Ebenezer Averell.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm.

1799.

JULY.	Thermo. 7 A.M.	Deg.	Thermo. 3 P.M.	Wind. 7 A.M.	Wind. 3 P.N.	Weather. 7 A.M.	Weather. 3 P.M.
30	77	80		SW.	S.	Thick Fog	Fair.
31	77	80		SW.	SW.	Fair.	Fair.
AUGUST.							
1	75½	81		SW.	SW.	Fair.	Fair.
2	77	78½		S.	SW.	Fair. T.S.	Rain.
3	74½	74		S.	S.	Rain.	Rain.
4	71	75		W.b.N.	SW.	Cloudy.	Fair.
5	75	76		S.	S.	Fair.	Fair.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, *Aug.* 5.

ENTERED,		*From*
Sloop	Little Mary, Gardiner,	Havanna
	Lively, Iriſh,	Norfolk
	Good Intent, Dennis,	Havanna
Schooner	Commerce, Smith,	Ditto
Brig	Clinton, Champlin,	Ditto
Sloop	Concord, Cahoone,	New-York
	Sally, Weſtcott,	Providence
	Semiramis, Brown,	New-York
	Two Siſters, Earl,	Ditto
	George, Bennet,	New-York
CLEARED,		*For*
Sloop	Eagle, Earl,	New-York
	Victory, Luce,	Boſton
	Eliza, Bliſs,	New-York
	General Greene, Baker,	Cape-Francois

LECTURES

Upon the Anatomy of the human Mind

By JOHN STEWART,

THE TRAVELLER,

TO exhibit its Organization and found thereon a Diſcipline of Reaſon to improve its Powers, demonſtrated in an Appeal to every One's Experience in the Operation of their own Thoughts.

Theſe Lectures will be illuſtrated by the Experience of Travels to diſcover the Operations of the moral World, in the various Conduct and Temperament of Nations, unconnected with the Doctrines and Tenets of religious Faith.

Theſe Lectures will commence on Tueſday 13th Auguſt, at the Aſſembly-Room in Church-Lane.

To be continued every Tueſday and Saturday Evenings, at Half after Seven o' Clock, preciſely.

Entrance Half-a-Dollar, or Four Dollars Subſcription Ticket for the whole Courſe.

Newport, Auguſt 5, 1799.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Having opened a Store on Baniſter's Wharf, beg Leave to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have for Sale,

LIQUORS, of the beſt Kind, a general Aſſortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Aſſortment of which they propoſe to be conſtantly ſupplied with.——Fiſhing Parties, Maſters of Packets, Paſſengers, &c. may be ſupplied at ſaid Store on the ſhorteſt Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Aug. 5, 1799.

LOST,

A plain Gold Breaſt Pin, inlaid with plated Hair, having on the upper Part a ſmall Gold Ring, to hang it by. A liberal Reward will be given, on its being delivered to the Printer.

Newport, Auguſt 5, 1799.

POLISHED IRON HAIR-COMBS,

Made and Sold, by JOHN DARROW, by Wholeſale or Retail, living in Preſton, State of Connecticut.——Theſe Combs are an *excellent Remedy* for the Head-Ach.—Sundry Perſons have found real Benefit by wearing them. The Wife to the Subſcriber of this Advertiſement, having been ſeverely afflicted with a Pain in her Head, for ſeveral Years, while every other Attempt has been baffled, by uſing one of theſe excellent new-invented Combs, a few Weeks, has experienced almoſt an entire Extirpation of the Pain.

WILLIAM NORTHUP.

P. S. They may be had, at Mr. *Benjamin Fowler's*, in Wickford, at 3 s. per Piece.

North-Kingstown, Aug. 2, 1799.

THE Creditors of WILLIAMS THAYER, of Providence, in the County of Providence, and State of Rhode-Iſland, &c. an inſolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear at the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Providence, in and for the County aforeſaid, on the third Monday of September next, to appoint Aſſignees, agreeable to an Act of the General Aſſembly, paſſed in June, A. D. 1756, entitled an Act for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors.

P. ALLEN, jun. Clerk.

Providence, Auguſt 3, 1799.

THEATRE.

NEWPORT.

WEDNESDAY Evening 7th Aug. 1799;

By PARTICULAR DESIRE,

Will be preſented (Second Time) the celebrated DRAMA (performed in Philadelphia, New-York and Boſton, with reiterated Plaudits.) Called

THE CASTLE SPECTRE.

Written by the Author of the celebrated Novel, "The MONK."

*** The Public are reſpectfully informed, that every attention has been paid to the bringing out

This Magnificent Spectacle.

In order to make it an object worthy general Attention and Patronage: No Piece ever produced in London, has attracted ſuch Curioſity and brilliant Houſes, and it is probably more calculated to intereſt the Feelings of an Audience, to ſurpriſe and aſtoniſh, than any dramatic Repreſentation ever ſeen in America.

New SCENERY, DRESSES and DECORATIONS.

Oſmond,	Mr. Harper,
Percy,	Mr. Munto,
Father Philip;	Mr. Prigmore,
Motley,	Mr. Simpſon,
Kenrick,	Mr. Turnbull,
Haſſan,	Mr. Kedey,
Muley,	Mr. Lathy,
Alaric,	Mr. Ormſby,
Reginald,	Mr. Whitlock.
Evelina, *(Caſtle Spectre)*	Mrs. Harper,
Alice,	Mrs. Simpſon,
Angela,	Mrs. Whitlock.

In Act 2d, a Grand Diſplay of Armour and Ancient Statues.

In Act 3d, The miraculous Eſcape of Percy, from the Power of Oſmond, by a leap from the Window of the high Tower wherein he was impriſoned.

In Act 5th, a View of the Subterraneous Caverns where Reginald had been confined Sixteeen Years.

To which will be added, the Comic Opera of

THE WATERMAN;

OR,

THE FIRST OF AUGUST.

Tom Tug, *(The Waterman)*	Mr. Munto,
Bundle,	Mr. Turnbull,
Gardners,	Meſſrs. Kedey, Ormſby and Lathy,
Robin *(The Macaroni Gardener)*	Mr. Simpſon,
Mrs. Bundle,	Mrs. Simpſon;
Wilhelmina,	Mrs. Graupner.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes to be had at the Theatre from Ten to One o'Clock in the Forenoon, and from three to ſix on Days of Performance.

Doors to be opened at Seven, and the Performance to commence at One Quarter before 8 o'Clock.

BOXES, One Dollar,—PIT, Half a Dollar GALLERY, One Quarter of a Dollar.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Baniſter's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceaſed, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Muſtard; Codfiſh; an Aſſortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian Glaſs Tea-Pots and Ink-ſtands; Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Bruſhes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Caſes of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Cheſt Locks; Braſs Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouſe Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Bruſhes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fiſhing-Lines; Fiſh-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fiſhing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Drawing-Knives; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Caſk, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, Auguſt 5, 1799.

A Barrel of Molaſſes was lately taken up in the River.—The Owner proving his Property by deſcribing the Marks thereon, may have it again, by applying to Corporal BERNARD A. J. CORMANS, at Fort Adams.

Newport, Auguſt 5, 1799.

exhibited one general glow of festive ...arity. The occasion, as usual, has pro...ced a perfect inundation of toasts from ... parts of the Union.

From the Farmer's Weekly Museum.

"In penance for past folly," I condemn... myself this evening, to a pint of water ...ruel, without salt; and the perusal of two *Auroras*, one *Bee*, and the supplement of ...n *Argus*—an admirable help to a dose of ...ee's pills. The complaining periods of ...ese miserable, envious columns; the ma...ignant pleasure their editors display, in ...tecting and exposing any supposed error ... our excellent constitution and admini...ration of government, and the fiend-like ...y they constantly evince, in the success of ...e enemies, or the discomforture of the ...iends of our dear country, remind me of ...e title of a book published by John Bun...an, entitled—"Joy from Hell, or the ...ejoicings of the Damned Souls."

S A L E M, August 2.

COMMUNICATION.

...rom a Gentleman of Information lately returned from the Continent of Europe.

Having in the former campaigns of this ...ar seen the French arms attended with al...ost invariable success, many people were ...tonished to find the present open with such ...glorious reverse. But the French are ex...austed of some of the means with which ...ey formerly obtained their victories. That ...thusiasm with which the people were in...ired in the pursuit of a phantom they call...d liberty, and which enabled them to op...se the steady valour of the Austrians with ...uble numbers, is no more; that delusive ...harm with which they formerly disarmed ...e countries they attacked, is now dissolved ...and the plunder with which they have ...en enabled to pay their numerous armies, ...as failed them. The conscription recruits ...e raised only at the point of the bayonet, ...nd the Directory and Councils are baffled ... their attempts to raise taxes sufficient to ...pport the war.——On the other hand, the ...ople of Germany are exasperated against ...e French by the injuries they have receiv...d—the Archduke Charles has been enabled ... meet his enemies with equal numbers—...s genius pervades the army—instead of ...pending upon the Military Commission of ...ienna for orders to act (by which means ...e military plans were often betrayed to ...e enemy before they were communicated ... the army) his power in the conduct of the ...ilitary operations is unlimited—he has in...oduced into his army a discipline, by ...hich rank and family will not protect the ...oward, and by which merit is rewarded in ...e common soldier: he has broke several ...ficers of the first nobility in the em...re; and in one instance he promoted a ... of good character, but low extraction, ... the course of six successive days fighting ...ith the French, from a Corporal to a Bri...adier-General, for his gallant conduct.—...hile he punishes cowardice, and rewards ...lour, he sets the example of personal ...avery himself: He leads his troops to ...tion—on many occasions he has dismount...d in the heat of battle, and fought sword ... hand at the head of his grenadiers.—...e is adored by his army, for his conde...ension, humanity and bravery; and in an ...dress to them, he has declared that the ...ustrian Soldiers, shall be considered, not ... machines, but as men—that they shall be ...d by their officers, not driven into action, ...With these advantages he has been able, ...ith equal numbers, to beat the French ...ay after day, leading his men to victory ...rough snow and wet knee deep; by ...hich exposure of his person, he brought on ... alarming sickness, which for a time ar...sted his progress, but from which he was ...rfectly recovered towards the last of May.

During the illness of the Archduke, and ...e consequent inactivity of his army, Su...arrow arrived with his Russians in Italy. ...His name alone was equal to a host.

The Archduke, after the recovery of his ...alth, was preparing, as it was said, to ...oss the Rhine, and enter France by the ...orth, while Suwarrow was carrying all ...efore him in the South; and it was said ...at a body of Russians were to approach ...ris, as soon as possible, to feel the pulse ...f that nation.

With these operations, was probably to ...e combined an attack upon Holland.—...he Emperor of Russia, besides the force ...hich he had already sent into Italy, had ... fleet of men of war, and a large body of ...oops, ready to sail from Cronstadt, as ...on as the obstructions of the ice were ...moved. Conjecture had variously de...ined this force, but with most probability ...gainst Holland, in conjunction with 14,000 ...oops, which were ready in England for ...me secret service. The state of Holland ...emed to invite such an enterprise. That ...untry had become wretched in the ex...reme. The English, determined to cut off ...ve... commercial resource, have not only ...lockaded its whole coasts, but have sta...ioned gun-boats in the Weser, Embs and ...lbe, to prevent any intercourse with the ...Dutch, through those channels; and neu...trals from as well as to Holland are taken and made prizes of. Her beautiful and once-busy cities were deserted, and the grass growing rank among the pavements; many of the dykes were ruined, and the country deluged; the artisans and the fishermen were starving; the French were making continual requisitions on the remaining property of the country; and the people were ready to rise against their tyrants, whenever a powerful foreign force should make a diversion in their favour. Add to this, the French had been obliged to draw off a great part of their troops from Holland, to reinforce their army on the lower Rhine, and to keep down the insurrections in Brabant, which, notwithstanding the presence of a powerful army, the most shocking severities were breaking out in one place, as soon as they were quelled in another.

The King of Prussia, in his extreme jealousy of the power of Austria, had resisted all attempts to engage him in the coalition against France. The fruitless embassy of Mr. Grenville to Berlin, it was said, was cloathed with authority to make some very alluring offers, even, on certain conditions, the possession of the British King's continental dominions.—Alarmed at the success of the combined forces, the King of Prussia with the other German Princes in his interest, had prepared a force of 200,000 men, either to protect their neutrality, or perhaps to act decidedly against the Emperor.——The fierce temper of Paul, and his hostility to the character of neutrality, in the present contest, had excited much anxiety in the neutral states.

France was represented to be in a state of fermentation; and it was apprehended that, if the destruction of their fleet was to be added to the disasters of their armies, a storm would arise, that would sweep the Directory from their throne.——Amidst all the preposterous conduct of the French rulers, they have had the good policy to give uniform encouragement and protection to agriculture, by which means, a continual plenty has existed in that country.

The American character was highly respected in Europe; but the news of the appointment of Ambassadors to France had embarrassed the public mind, respecting the real views of our government: This measure had been grosly mistaken, accompanied with reports of great divisions existing among the American people.

From the vigorous measures which were in operation in Europe, many people tho't they could discover, through the present gloom, a speedy and general peace.

NEWPORT, August 6.

The following is a List of the Directory of France, with the Periods of their future Continuance in Office—

Merlin (de Douai)	3 Years	from 20th May '99.
Treilhard,	4	
Sieyes,	5	
Barras,	}	who are to draw
La Reveilliere Lepaux,	}	Lots, next Year.

The Two latter are the only remaining Members of the First Directory.

—

The Charleston Light-House, was burnt on Sunday, 21st inst. Damage not known.

The Government of Jamaica have authorized the Importation in American Vessels, till March 1800, of Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, and other small live Stock, all Sorts of Fruit, salted and other Provisions, and Lumber. New and more severe Scrutiny is to be exercised to prevent the Importation of contraband Goods.

General Maitland, and his Suite, have sailed from Jamaica, on their Return to England, in the Camilla Sloop of War.

46,625 Barrels of Flour were exported from Philadelphia in the six Months ending June 30.

It appears by a Report of the Health Committee of New-York of the 1st Instant, that *no new Case* of Yellow Fever has occurred in the last 48 Hours, and that there were, at that Time, but *Two suspicious Cases* in the Whole.

An Article in a New-York Paper of 2d, also asserts, that *the Yellow Fever has totally disappeared.*

On the 17th ult. was celebrated at Cambridge in Massachusetts, the annual commencement of Harved College. The Degrees of *A. B.* was conferred on Forty-three Candidates, and that of *A. M.* on Thirty-two.

The Sick who were landed on Coasters Harbour Island, from the Frigate General Greene, are all recovered, or entirely out of Danger, no Death having occurred since the Arrival of the Frigate here.

MARRIED.]—At Providence, on Sunday Evening last, *Henry Ward*, Esq; of Charleston (S. C.) to Miss *Mary Grimke*, Sister of the Hon. Judge Grimke, of South-Carolina.

—In this Town, Mr. *Thomas Simpson*, to Miss *Patty Averell*, Daughter of Mr. Ebenezer Averell.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm.

1799.

JULY.	Thermo. 7 A. M.	Deg.	3 P. M.	Wind. 7 A. M.		3 P. M.	Weather. 7 A. M.		3 P. M.
30	77	80		SW.		S.	Thick Fog.		Fair.
31	77	80		SW.		SW.	Fair.		Fair.
AUGUST.									
1	75½	81		SW.		SW.	Fair.		Fair.
2	77	78¼		S.		SW.	Fair.	T.S.	Rain.
3	74¼	74		S.		S.	Rain.		Rain.
4	71	75		W.b.N.		SW.	Cloudy.		Fair.
5	75	76		S.		S.	Fair.		Fair.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, *Aug.* 5.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Little Mary, Gardiner,	Havanna
Lively, Irish,	Norfolk
Good Intent, Dennis,	Havanna
Schooner Commerce, Smith,	Ditto
Brig Clinton, Champlin,	Ditto
Sloop Concord, Cahoone,	New-York
Sally, Westcott,	Providence
Semiramis, Brown,	New-York
Two Sisters, Earl,	Ditto
George, Bennet,	New-York
CLEARED,	*For*
Sloop Eagle, Earl,	New-York
Victory, Luce,	Boston
Eliza, Bliss,	New-York
General Greene, Baker,	Cape-Francois

LECTURES

Upon the Anatomy of the human Mind

By JOHN STEWART,

THE TRAVELLER,

TO exhibit its Organization and found thereon a Discipline of Reason to improve its Powers, demonstrated in an Appeal to every One's Experience in the Operation of their own Thoughts.

These Lectures will be illustrated by the Experience of Travels to discover the Operations of the moral World, in the various Conduct and Temperament of Nations, unconnected with the Doctrines and Tenets of religious Faith.

These Lectures will commence on Tuesday 13th August, at the Assembly-Room in Church-Lane.

To be continued every Tuesday and Saturday Evenings, at Half after Seven o' Clock, precisely.

Entrance Half-a-Dollar, or Four Dollars Subscription Ticket for the whole Course.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Having opened a Store on Banister's Wharf, beg Leave to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have for Sale,

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Aug. 5, 1799.

L O S T,

A plain Gold Breast Pin, inlaid with plated Hair, having on the upper Part a small Gold Ring, to hang it by. A liberal Reward will be given, on its being delivered to the Printer.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

POLISHED IRON HAIR-COMBS,

Made and Sold, by JOHN DARROW, by Wholesale or Retail, living in Preston, State of Connecticut.——These Combs are an *excellent Remedy* for the Head-Ach.—Sundry Persons have found real Benefit by wearing them. The Wife to the Subscriber of this Advertisement, having been severely afflicted with a Pain in her Head, for several Years, while every other Attempt has been baffled, by using one of these excellent new-invented Combs, a few Weeks, has experienced almost an entire Extirpation of the Pain.

WILLIAM NORTHUP.

P. S. They may be had, at Mr. *Benjamin Fowler's*, in Wickford, at 3 s. per Piece.

North-Kingstown, Aug. 2, 1799.

THE Creditors of WILLIAMS THAYER, of Providence, in the County of Providence, and State of Rhode-Island, &c. an insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear at the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Providence, in and for the County aforesaid, on the third Monday of September next, to appoint Assignees, agreeable to an Act of the General Assembly, passed in June, A. D. 1756, entitled an Act for the Relief of insolvent Debtors.

P. ALLEN, jun. Clerk.

Providence, August 3, 1799.

THEATRE.

NEWPORT.

WEDNESDAY Evening 7th Aug. 1799,

By PARTICULAR DESIRE,

Will be presented (Second Time) the celebrated DRAMA (performed in Philadelphia, New-York and Boston, with reiterated Plaudits.) Called

THE CASTLE SPECTRE.

Written by the Author of the celebrated Novel, "The MONK."

*** The Public are respectfully informed, that every attention has been paid to the bringing out

This Magnificient Spectacle.

In order to make it an object worthy general Attention and Patronage: No Piece ever produced in London, has attracted such Curiosity and brilliant Houses, and it is probably more calculated to interest the Feelings of an Audience, to surprise and astonish, than any dramatic Representation ever seen in America.

New SCENERY, DRESSES and DECORATIONS.

Osmond,	Mr. Harper,
Percy,	Mr. Munto,
Father Philip,	Mr. Prigmore,
Motley,	Mr. Simpson,
Kenrick,	Mr. Turnbull,
Hassan,	Mr. Kedey,
Muley,	Mr. Lathy,
Alaric,	Mr. Ormsby,
Reginald,	Mr. Whitlock.
Evelina, *(Castle Spectre)*	Mrs. Harper,
Alice,	Mrs. Simpson,
Angela,	Mrs. Whitlock.

In Act 2d, a Grand Display of Armour and Ancient Statues.

In Act 3d, The miraculous Escape of Percy, from the Power of Osmond, by a leap from the Window of the high Tower wherein he was imprisoned.

In Act 5th, a View of the Subterraneous Caverns where Reginald had been confined Sixteeen Years.

To which will be added, the Comic Opera of

THE WATERMAN;

OR,

THE FIRST OF AUGUST.

Tom Tug, *(The Waterman)*	Mr. Munto,
Bundle,	Mr. Turnbull,
Gardners,	Messrs. Kedey, Ormsby and Lathy,
Robin *(The Macaroni Gardener)*	Mr. Simpson,
Mrs. Bundle,	Mrs. Simpson,
Wilhelmina,	Mrs. Graupner.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes to be had at the Theatre from Ten to One o'Clock in the Forenoon, and from three to six on Days of Performance.

Doors to be opened at Seven, and the Performance to commence at One Quarter before 8 o'Clock.

BOXES, One Dollar,—PIT, Half a Dolla GALLERY, One Quarter of a Dollar.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Banister's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceased, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Mustard; Codfish; an Assortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian Glass Tea-Pots and Ink-Stands; Decanters, Wine Glasses, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Brushes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Cases of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Chest Locks; Brass Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouse Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Brushes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fishing-Lines; Fish-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fishing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Drawing-Knives; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Cask, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

A Barrel of Molasses was lately taken up in the River.—The Owner proving his Property by describing the Marks thereon, may have it again, by applying to Corporal BERNARD A. J. CORMANS, at Fort Adams.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

MIDNIGHT THOUGHTS.

[*By C. Jones, a Woolcomber, Devonshire.*]

LOCK'D are the golden gates of Day,
'Tis thine, O Night! the keys to keep,
Morpheus, in velvet's soft array,
Has hush'd the busy world to sleep.

Now Fancy waves her magic rod,
And roving spreads her airy wings;
Now flatter'd kings, assume the God,
And dreaming vassals ape their kings.

The lover, free from hopes and fears,
In extasy imparts the kiss;
The nymph undone forgets her tears,
Exulting in imagin'd bliss.

Deception all! Tis thus thro' life
Our passions grasp at each extreme;
Pleasure and pain's eternal strife
Convinces life is all a dream.

Yet hail! kind sleep, in poppies dress'd,
Health's sweetest sister, queen of peace!
In thee distraction sinks to rest,
In thee our daily troubles cease.

From the AMERICAN FARMER.

The following Communications which have, at different Times, been received by the Editor of the American Farmer, he lays before the Public, without Comment.

(1.)

"*To the Editor of the American Farmer.*

SIR,

"WE wish you to give us the whole of Gerry's despatches, and more Congressional matter.

"*A number of your Subscribers.*"

(2.)

Mr. EDITOR,

"We are tired of reading Gerry's despatches, and the lengthy debates of Congress; pray abridge the one, and leave the other entirely out;—and give us a little more News.

"*Several of your Customers.*"

(3.)

Mr. Printer,

"Some of us think it would be better, if you would give us more news, and not quite so much novel and poetry. "I. B."

(4.)

"*Mr. Woods,*

"Last week you gave us no novel, and but half a column of poetry;—my daughters declare, that, if you *curtail* these articles, they will not receive your papers.

"*Hodge.*"

(5.)

"Mr. Printer,

"I have sent you several original pieces which you have not published——I am a customer. "P. S"

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"Mr. Printer,

"I believe your Subscribers in general do not wish to see any more of your Riddles, Acrostics, and '76 pieces, in the Farmer. "X."

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"Please to give the debates of Congress, and of the State Legislature, *at large*, in your paper. "B."

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"*Many Subscribers.*"

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"Please to publish the act for the collection of taxes, *in your next.* "Z."

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Mr. Printer,

"Several of your Subscribers wish you to give the State Constitution, *in your next.*

"H."

(11.)

"*To the Editor of the Farmer.*

"SIR,

"I perceive that you begin to lean towards the Democratic side; I have sent you the amount of my subscription; and desire you will strike my name off your list.

Yours, &c. "P. B."

(12.)

"*To the Editor of the American Farmer.*

"SIR,

"Your paper favours the principles of Aristocracy.—You will please to send me your bill, and consider me no longer a subscriber. "Your's, "B. P."

☞ Editor *promises* to gratify *all* his Subscribers, as soon as they become of *one mind*, and will *unitedly* agree upon one uniform method, in which he shall conduct his paper:—Until that time it will be impossible to *please all*, even should he extend the size of his sheet to that of a Bed-blanket.]

ROBERT LAWTON

Informs his Friends and Customers, that he has removed from the House he lately improved, in Thames-street, to that large and elegant House nearly opposite—formerly occupied by the late Governor Wanton, where he has for sale,

A FRESH Supply of English GOODS, suitable for the Season, among which are,——Cassimeres, Fancy Vesting, Calicoes and Chintzes, Satins, Modes, Lutestrings, Tiffanies, Ladies Beaver Hats, Sheetings, Dowlasses, Bed-Ticking Britannias, Irish Linens, and a great Variety of other Articles, as Cheap for Cash as at any Store in the State.

Also, just Received, Gentlemen and Ladies Umbrellas—India Lutestrings—Nankeens, &c.

Newport, July 22, 1799.

TWENTY Pipes high Proof BRANDY, just arrived, and for Sale, by

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, June 24, 1799.

WANTED, as an Apprentice to the BAKING BUSINESS, a sprightly, trusty LAD, from 13 to 15 Years of Age. Apply to

BENJAMIN HILL.

Newport, July 23, 1799.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 7th Day of this Instant, an Apprentice Girl, by the name of SALLY JOHNSON, about 12 Years of Age. Whoever will take up said Girl, and return her to the Subscriber, shall receive ONE CENT Reward, and no Charges paid.

ADAM B. CHAMPLIN.

Westerly, July 16, 1799.

WAS LEFT on board the Providence Packet, General Greene, a few Days since, a Lady's NEEDLE CASE, with some Articles of Value in it.—The Owner by applying to the Subscriber, and paying Charges, may have it again.

GEORGE WALDIN.

Newport, July 22, 1799.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Sayer, Wife of Isaac Sayer, of Little-Compton, in the County of Newport, Mariner, hath preferred her Petition to the Supreme Judicial Court, next to be holden at Newport, within and for the County of Newport, on the fourth Monday of August next, praying the said Court, for divers Breaches of the Marriage Contract, in said Petition setforth, to pronounce and promulge a Decree of Divorce between the Parties aforesaid, from the Bond of said Marriage.—This is therefore to give Notice to the said ISAAC, and to all others concerned, to appear before the said Court, at said Term, and shew Cause (if any they may have) why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

Newport, 22d July, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store on Banister's Wharf,

A General Assortment of GROCERIES, of the first Quality.

Captains of Vessels and others supplied with SEA-STORES, on the shortest Notice.

Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, may rely upon supplying themselves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reasonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his sincere Thanks to his Customers and the Public for past, and solicits future Favours.

Newport, April 29, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs his Friends and others, that he has removed to the East Side of Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's, where he continues his Business as usual, and has at present on Hand,

A HANDSOME Assortment of GOODS, which he will sell at a reasonable Rate.

Also, best clean Turk's-Island SALT, by Hundred Bushel, or less Quantity.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, 20th April, 1799.

THE Creditors of AZARIAH ALBRO, of Newport, in the County of Newport, Leather-Dresser, an insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall think fit, before the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport, on the fourth Monday of August next, to nominate Commissioners, to receive an Assignment of the Estate of the said Azariah.

WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

Newport, 22d July, 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Chest or smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House, Garden and Meadow of the Subscriber, with a small Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; also several other small Buildings, the whole in Front of Broad-street, commanding a considerable large and pleasant Prospect, the Situation airy and healthy, being well supplied with good Water.

JOB CHALONER.

Newport, 3d Month, 25th, 1799.

TO LET,

THE HOUSE lately occupied by the *SPANISH CONSUL*.——For Particulars apply to the Subscriber,

WILLIAM HUNTER.

Newport, April 22, 1799.

JUST OPENED,

And ready for Sale

At the *BUCK*, near *CARR'S FERRY*,

SPRING and SUMMER GOODS,

An elegant and well-chosen ASSORTMENT,

Amongst which are,

Superfine and Common Broadcloths.
Ditto, Ditto, Cassimers.
Ginghams.
Chintzes & Calicoes.
Furniture Ditto.
Shirting Cottons.
7-8, 4-4, and Apron Checks.
Striped & plain Russells, &c. &c. &c.

BY

THOMAS GREEN.

☞ The least Favour shall be gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. Home-made *CLOTHS* will be received in Pay, as heretofore.

June 3, 1799.

REMOVAL.

TIMOTHY R. PECKHAM.

HAIR-DRESSER,

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Customers and others, that he has removed from the Shop he improved, near the State-House, to the one on the South Side of the Parade, next Westward of the BANK, now occupied by his Brother, *Jeremiah Peckham*;—Where those who may please to visit their Shop, may depend upon being waited on with Pleasure and Despatch.

Newport, July 1, 1799.

WANTED TO HIRE,

A HOUSE, in a pleasant Part of the Town, that has a good Well of Water, Garden, Stable, &c. to be entered in October next. Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, July 13, 1799.

TO BE SOLD, BY

JOSEPH LYON,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Barrels Tar; 20 Barrels Pitch, and 60,000 North-Carolina Cedar Shingles.

Newport, 6th May, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Company,

Have for Sale at their Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf,

BOURDEAUX, Alicant and Spanish Brandy—Jamaica Spirits—West-India and New-England Rum—Best Holland Geneva—Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, and Malaga Wines—Loaf, powdered and brown Sugars—Gunpowder Tea—Hyson and Souchong Do.—Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper and Pimento—Molasses—Chocolate—New-York Soap—fresh Raisins—Starch—Negro Head Tobacco—Nails—Iron Shovels, and Window Glass—German Steel by the Fagot or Bar, and a few Bushels of Flax-Seed for sowing.

Also, Russia and Ravens Duck—Cordage—Red, green, and blue Morocco Skins—A fresh Supply of Superfine and Common FLOUR, in Barrels and Half-Barrels—and a few Barrels first Quality Cabin-Bread—The above Articles will be sold at the lowest Rates per Quantity, and on reasonable Terms.

Newport, 11th February, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedtickings; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broad-cloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel; Mess and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Cask, Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Bushels, or less Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in general,

That he has just received, at his STORE, *opposite General MARTIN'S,*

A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, One Box of Gentlemens' TRUXTON HATS.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

SUSAN FOWLER

RETURNS her sincere Thanks to her Friends, and the Public in general, for their Attention—begs Leave to inform them, she has just received a new Supply of CROCKERY, consisting of almost every Article of Convenience, for the Closet or Kitchen.

Also—Fresh Currants, and best Box Raisins.—She keeps constantly, good Loaf and Brown Sugar, Souchong and Bohea Teas, and Spices; a few Dry Goods, and a very handsome Assortment of Morocco and Cloth Shoes, Turbans and Cravats, sprigged and spotted Muslins for Caps, &c. &c.

She flatters herself, that her unremitting Endeavours to please, will continue to meet the Indulgence of her Friends and the Public in general.

☞ All Kinds of home-made CLOTHS, and YARN, taken in Pay, for any of the above Articles.

Newport, May 10, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Letharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Brushes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Brushes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varnish.
Black Ditto.
Window Glass & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the shortest Notice, with Directions to use them.

Newport, May 24, 1799.

MIDNIGHT THOUGHTS.

[*By C. Jones, a Woolcomber, Devonshire.*]

LOCK'D are the golden gates of Day,
'Tis thine, O Night! the keys to keep,
Morpheus, in velvet's soft array,
Has hush'd the busy world to sleep.

Now Fancy waves her magic rod,
And roving spreads her airy wings;
Now flatter'd kings, assume the God,
And dreaming vassals ape their kings.

The lover, free from hopes and fears,
In extasy imparts the kiss;
The nymph undone forgets her tears,
Exulting in imagin'd bliss.

Deception all! Tis thus thro' life
Our passions grasp at each extreme;
Pleasure and pain's eternal strife
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Newport, July 23, 1799.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 7th Day of this Instant, an Apprentice Girl, by the name of SALLY JOHNSON, about 12 Years of Age. Whoever will take up said Girl, and return her to the Subscriber, shall receive ONE CENT Reward, and no Charges paid.

ADAM B. CHAMPLIN.

Westerly, July 16, 1799.

WAS LEFT on board the Providence Packet, General Greene, a few Days since, a Lady's NEEDLE CASE, with some Articles of Value in it.—The Owner by applying to the Subscriber, and paying Charges, may have it again.

GEORGE WALDIN.

Newport, July 22, 1799.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Sayer, Wife of Isaac Sayer, of Little-Compton, in the County of Newport, Mariner, hath preferred her Petition to the Supreme Judicial Court, next to be holden at Newport, within and for the County of Newport, on the fourth Monday of August next, praying the said Court, for divers Breaches of the Marriage Contract, in said Petition setforth, to pronounce and promulge a Decree of Divorce between the Parties aforesaid, from the Bond of said Marriage.—This is therefore to give Notice to the said ISAAC, and to all others concerned, to appear before the said Court, at said Term, and shew Cause (if any they may have) why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

Newport, 22d July, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store on Banister's Wharf,

A General Assortment of GROCERIES, of the first Quality.

Captains of Vessels and others supplied with SEA-STORES, on the shortest Notice.

Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, may rely upon supplying themselves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reasonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his sincere Thanks to his Customers and the Public for past, and solicits future Favours.

Newport, April 29, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs his Friends and others, that he has removed to the East Side of Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's, where he continues his Business as usual, and has at present on Hand,

A HANDSOME Assortment of GOODS, which he will sell at a reasonable Rate.

Also, best clean Turk's-Island SALT, by Hundred Bushel, or less Quantity.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, 29th April, 1799.

THE Creditors of AZARIAH ALBRO, of Newport, in the County of Newport, Leather-Dresser, an insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall think fit, before the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at Newport, on the fourth Monday of August next, to nominate Commissioners, to receive an Assignment of the Estate of the said Azariah.

WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

Newport, 22d July, 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Chest or smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House, Garden and Meadow of the Subscriber, with a small Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; also several other small Buildings, the whole in Front of Broad-street, commanding a considerable large and pleasant Prospect, the Situation airy and healthy, being well supplied with good Water.

JOB CHALONER.

Newport, 3d Month, 25th, 1799.

TO LET,

THE HOUSE lately occupied by the *SPANISH CONSUL.*——For Particulars apply to the Subscriber,

WILLIAM HUNTER.

Newport, April 22, 1799.

JUST OPENED,

And ready for Sale

At the *BUCK*, near *CARR'S FERRY*,

SPRING and SUMMER

GOODS,

An elegant and well-chosen

ASSORTMENT,

Amongst which are,

SUperfine and Common Broadcloths.
Ditto, Ditto, Cassimers.
Ginghams.
Chintzes & Calicoes.
Furniture Ditto.
Shirting Cottons.
7-8, 4-4, and Apron Checks.
Striped & plain Russells, &c. &c. &c.

BY

THOMAS GREEN.

☞ The least Favour shall be gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. Home-made *CLOTHS* will be received in Pay, as heretofore.

June 3, 1799.

REMOVAL.

TIMOTHY R. PECKHAM.

HAIR-DRESSER,

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Customers and others, that he has removed from the Shop he improved, near the State-House, to the one on the South Side of the Parade, next Westward of the BANK, now occupied by his Brother, *Jeremiah Peckham*;—Where those who may please to visit their Shop, may depend upon being waited on with Pleasure and Despatch.

Newport, July 1, 1799.

WANTED TO HIRE,

A HOUSE, in a pleasant Part of the Town, that has a good Well of Water, Garden, Stable, &c. to be entered in October next. Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, July 13, 1799.

TO BE SOLD. BY

JOSEPH LYON,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Barrels Tar; 20 Barrels Pitch, and 60,000 North-Carolina Cedar Shingles.

Newport, 6th May, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Company,

Have for Sale at their Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf,

BOURDEAUX, Alicant and Spanish Brandy—Jamaica Spirits—West-India and New-England Rum—Best Holland Geneva—Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, and Malaga Wines—Loaf, powdered and brown Sugars—Gunpowder Tea—Hyson and Souchong Do.—Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper and Pimento—Molasses—Chocolate—New-York Soap—fresh Raisins—Starch—Negro Head Tobacco—Nails—Iron Shovels, and Window Glass—German Steel by the Fagot or Bar, and a few Bushels of Flax-Seed for sowing.

Also, Russia and Ravens Duck—Cordage—Red, green, and blue Morocco Skins—A fresh Supply of Superfine and Common FLOUR, in Barrels and Half-Barrels—and a few Barrels first Quality Cabin-Bread—The above Articles will be sold at the lowest Rates per Quantity, and on reasonable Terms.

Newport, 11th February, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedtickings; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel; Mess and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Cask; Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Bushels, or less Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in general,

That he has just received, at his STORE, *opposite General MARTIN'S,*

A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, One Box of Gentlemens' TRUXTON HATS.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

SUSAN FOWLER

RETURNS her sincere Thanks to her Friends, and the Public in general, for their Attention—begs Leave to inform them, she has just received a new Supply of CROCKERY, consisting of almost every Article of Convenience, for the Closet or Kitchen.

Also—Fresh Currants, and best Box Raisins.—She keeps constantly, good Loaf and Brown Sugar, Souchong and Bohea Teas, and Spices; a few Dry Goods, and a very handsome Assortment of Morocco and Cloth Shoes, Turbans and Cravats, sprigged and spotted Muslins for Caps, &c. &c.

She flatters herself, that her unremitting Endeavours to please, will continue to meet the Indulgence of her Friends and the Public in general.

☞ All Kinds of home-made CLOTHS, and YARN, taken in Pay, for any of the above Articles.

Newport, May 10, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Letharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Brushes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Brushes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varnish.
Black Ditto.
Window Glass & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimentions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the shortest Notice, with Directions to use them.

Newport, May 24, 1799.